HIV/AIDS Profile: Egypt

Demographic Indicators

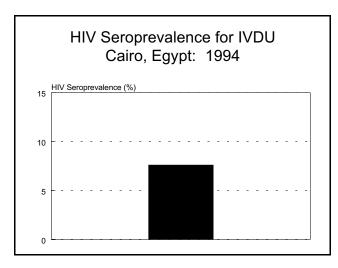
Population (1,000s)	68,360	Growth Rate (%)	1.7
Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000)		Life Expectancy	
Both Sexes	62	Both Sexes	63
Male	64	Male	61
Female	60	Female	65
Crude Birth Rate (per 1,000)	25	Crude Death Rate (per 1,000)	8
Percent Urban	44	Total Fertility Rate	3.2
Note: Above indicators are for 2000.	******	**	
Estimated % of adults living with HIV	V/AIDS, end	1999 0.02 %	
Cumulative AIDS rate (per 1,000) as of 6/30/99		0.00	
Cumulative AIDS cases as of 6/30/99		215	

Epidemiological Data

Epidemic State: Concentrated

There is little information regarding HIV in Egypt. What is available indicates a low level epidemic among STD patients. However, in another high-risk group, IV drug users, prevalence had already reached 8 percent in Cairo in 1994.

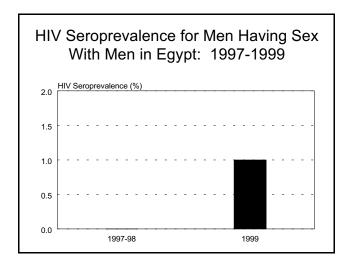
• A study of IV drug users in Cairo, carried out in 1994, found that 8 percent were infected with HIV. In 1993, 1994, and 1996, none of the IV drug users surveyed at a drug treatment center in Alexandria were HIV positive.



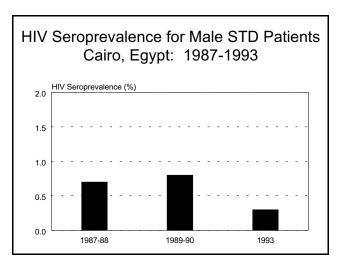
Source: International Programs Center, Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Data Base, June 2000.

Egypt

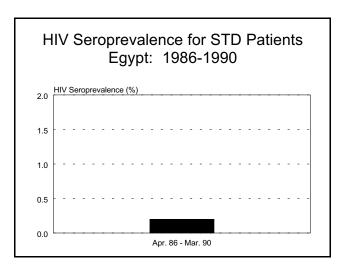
• In Egypt, there was no evidence of infection among men having sex with men in 1997-98. In 1999, 1 percent were found to be HIV seropositive.



 HIV infection levels declined between 1987 and 1993 in Cairo among male STD patients. In 1987-88, 0.7 percent were HIV positive; in 1993, 0.3 percent were infected. In 1994, there was no evidence of infection among STD patients attending STD clinics in Alexandria and Assiut.



• In Egypt, 0.2 percent of STD patients tested positive for the HIV virus between April 1986 and March 1990.



Sources for Egypt

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